

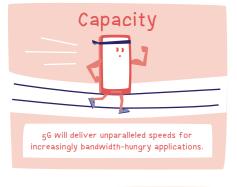
Arcep, French regulator of telecoms, is responsible for both net neutrality and the spread of 5G. Arcep is dedicated to a pro-innovation regulation: ensure permission-less innovation thanks to net neutrality, and promote innovative services thanks to 5G. But some say they are not compatible.

On 13 November, Arcep will foster the ongoing dialogue on this topic between all of the stakeholders, as part of the 2018 Internet Governance Forum hosted by the UN.

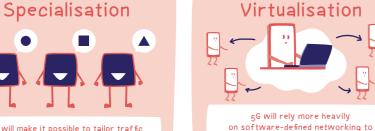
MARK YOUR CALENDARS :

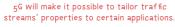
« Net neutrality versus 5G and new technological challenges » Tuesday, 13 November 2018 - 12/1.30 - Room: Salle II - WS 142













56 will make it possible to adjust transmissions to the objects' needs, which can also increase their lifespan.



deliver more features.

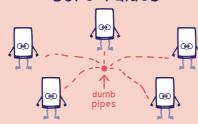
5G will provide greater security for certain data streams, notably on public networks.

WHAT DOES THE REGULATOR DO?

It encourages innovation and investment in the sector;
It authorises trials and delivers frequency licences, which carry obligations.

⇒ **NET NEUTRALITY** :² ENSURING NON-DISCRIMINATION ON THE INTERNET

The web's core values



Net neutrality compliance with the end-toend principle, with the understanding that intelligence is located on the network's edge, with no central control.

Freedom of expression and information



let neutrality guarantees users' freedoms With due consideration to others.

User rights



Net neutrality guarantees that every user can access any online content or service using the device of their choice.



Net neutrality allows content providers to offer their online services without ISPs acting as gatekeepers.

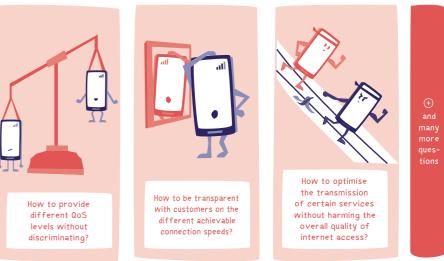
WHAT DOES THE REGULATOR DO?

It enforces net neutrality rules and imposes penalties on those that breach it;
It co-develops diagnostic tools: reporting platforms, apps for detecting traffic throttling, etc.

INNOVATION AND NON-DISCRIMINATION IN PRACTICE : 5G opens the way for innovative applications...



... and new cooperations to design





BEREC

(Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications) BEREC considers that the Regulation leaves considerable room for the implementation of 5G technologies, such as network slicing, 5QI and Mobile Edge Computing. To date, BEREC is not aware of any concrete example where the implementation of 5G technology as such would be impeded by the Regulation.

FCC

(American Regulator)

An other negative consumer impact from the [previous] FCC's heavy-handed regulations [on net neutrality] has been less innovation. We shifted from a wildly successful framework of permission-less innovation to a mother-may-l approach that has had a chilling effect.

EDRI

 \mathcal{N}

(European Digital Rights)

We are deeply concerned that the ongoing technological standardisation of new telecommunications technologies [5G, NFV, SDN] may undermine the current net neutrality protections in the European Union (EU).

GSMA (GSM Association) and ETN0

(European Telecommunications Network Operators)

1/

The EU and Member States must reconcile the need for Open Internet with pragmatic rules that foster innovation. The telecom Industry warns that the current Net Neutrality guidelines, as put forward by BEREC, create significant uncertainties around 5G return on investment.

TRAI (Indian Regulator)

Network performance optimization aligned to net neutrality concepts offers a blueprint for how IoT devices and its communication capabilities should be planned, architected, and deployed to minimize burden on the network, by being proactive about improving the efficiency and speed of their data, and also pose it as a source of competitive advantages.

NANIFESTO ``ARCEP, NETWORKS AS CONNON GOODS

Internet, fixed and mobile telecom and postal networks constitute the "Infrastructures of freedom".

Freedom of expression, freedom to communicate, freedom to access knowledge and to share it, but also freedom of enterprise and innovation, which are key to the country's ability to compete on the global stage, to grow and provide jobs.

Because it is essential in all open, innovative and democratic societies to be able to enjoy these freedoms fully, national and European institutions work to ensure that these networks develop as a "common good," regardless of their ownership structure, in other words that they meet high standards in terms of accessibility, universality, performance, neutrality, trustworthiness and fairness.

Democratic institutions therefore concluded that independent State intervention was needed to ensure that no power, be it economic or political, is in a position to control or impede users' (consumers, businesses, associations, etc.) ability to communicate.

France's Electronic Communications and Postal Regulatory Authority (Arcep), a neutral and expert arbitrator with the status of Independent Administrative Authority, is the architect and guardian of communications networks in France.

As network architect, Arcep creates the conditions for a plural and decentralised network organisation. It guarantees the market is open to new players and to all forms of innovation, and works to ensure the sector's competitiveness through pro-investment competition. Arcep provides the framework for the networks' interoperability so that users perceive them as one, despite their diversity: easy to access and seamless. It coordinates effective interaction between public and private sector stakeholders when local authorities are involved as market players.

As network guardian, Arcep enforces the principles that are essential to guaranteeing users' ability to communicate. It oversees the provision of universal services and assists public authorities in expanding digital coverage nationwide. It ensures users' freedom of choice and access to clear and accurate information, and safeguards against possible net neutrality violations. From a more general perspective, Arcep fights against any type of silo that could threaten the freedom to communicate on the networks, and therefore keeps a close watch over the new intermediaries that are the leading Internet platforms.



WWW.ARCEP.FR © 01 40 47 70 00

/ Arcep
in / arcep
f / arcep.fr